THE PRINCESS

W. S. GILBERT

First performed 1870 in London

Based on “The Princess; A Medley” by Alfred Tennyson, first published 1847 in London

Textual Comparison Of:

1870 Lacy Acting Edition of The Princess
1876 Original Plays Edition of The Princess
1884 American Libretto of Princess Ida
1884 English Libretto of Princess Ida

Edited by David Trutt

June 2004
W. S. Gilbert wrote The Princess in the latter part of 1869. The play opened in London in January 1870 to indifferent success. It closed its London run in April, went on tour for a short while, and was never again performed in Gilbert’s lifetime. He liked The Princess well enough to include it with four other non-Sullivan plays (out of a total of over thirty) in Original Plays of 1876. The 1876 Princess is an abridgement. Most of the songs and about thirty lines of dialogue are deleted, along with many of the stage directions. Gilbert corrects some dialogue errors, where he allowed Hildebrand to speak Hilarion’s lines. It would appear that the 1876 Princess was intended to be preserved as a reading copy. This 2004 edition includes all major and minor variations, as it shows the first edition states of both Princesses. The only corrections have been for obvious printer’s errors.

Gilbert wrote Princess Ida in the latter part of 1883. The opera opened in London in January 1884 with some success and ran to October. The dialogue of the opera is closely derived from The Princess. Over half of the spoken lines from The Princess are imported or adapted into Princess Ida, and make up almost all of its spoken lines. This 2004 edition shows which lines from The Princess were used for Princess Ida. It also shows how they were modified for the opera. This includes all major and minor variations, as it adds the first edition states of the American and English librettos.

The American libretto of Princess Ida is a pre-opening version and contains significant differences, both in song and dialogue, from the later English libretto. In many instances Gilbert ‘cut and pasted’ from The Princess dialogue into the American Princess Ida. He performed his editing in the English libretto. Examples include Psyche changing from Professor of Experimental Science to Humanities, and Blanche changing from Professor of Abstract Philosophy to Abstract Science. “Gask from Gask” also appears only in the English libretto; it is “Grant from Gask” in the three other texts.

It was the 1870 Princess that Gilbert used to form Princess Ida. Line deletions, word changes and error corrections made in the 1876 Princess do not appear in the American libretto. For example, Blanche lectures in the “Upper Hall” only in the 1876 Princess; she lectures in the “Hall of Arts” in the 1870 Princess and in both operas. Another example is the speech near the end “Madam, you placed your trust in woman, etc.” It was given to Hildebrand in 1870 and was corrected to Hilarion in 1876. The error reappears in the American libretto, and WSG corrects it once again for the English libretto.
The Princess; A Medley by Alfred Tennyson was first published by Edward Moxon in 1847. It was met with immediate criticism as being unworthy of the poet’s powers. It did however achieve a general popularity so that Moxon published seventeen editions through 1868. The reputation of the Princess continued to grow and more editions from other publishers appeared throughout the nineteenth century.

The Prologue and the Conclusion provide the setting of the poem. A group of college students are at a picnic. One of the students has a book which tells of a female warrior “A lady, one that armed
Her own fair head, and sallying through the gate,
Had beat her foes with slaughter from the walls.”

The seven men of the group begin a seven part medley to flesh out the tale. The first four parts (through where the Prince saves Ida from the river) are in a light tone and meant as banter towards the women of the group. The women object and the last three parts become serious and earnest. The Conclusion indicates that Tennyson, the men and (maybe) the women are well pleased with the outcome of the tale.

Tennyson addresses conflicting viewpoints on what should be the rights and roles of women in society. The King (Hildebrand) holds that
“Man with the head and woman with the heart;
Man to command and woman to obey. All else confusion.
The bearing and training of a child is woman’s wisdom.”

Princess Ida’s vision is “Never to wed. You likewise will do well
Ladies, in entering here, to cast and fling
The tricks which make us toys of men.”

The Prince (Hilarion) speaks for Tennyson as he brings the issues raised in the poem to a conclusion
“Henceforth thou hast a helper, me, that know
The woman’s cause is man’s: they rise or sink
Together, dwarfed or godlike, bond or free.
Woman is not undeveloped man, but diverse.”

Princess Ida has been subdued by her instinctive feminine nature.

The Victorian male analysis of the issues and how they are resolved by Tennyson is appropriately stated by S. E. Dawson in ‘A Study of The Princess’ (1884). “With regard to the main theme of the poem, the Prince is in full sympathy with Ida. He aims at elevating woman, but he differs as to means. He recognizes the fact that their ultimate aims must correspond with the diversity of their natures. Ida dreams of intellectual elevation only. The Prince sees clearly that moral elevation is the higher of the two; and that it is distinct and separate from knowledge.”
Gilbert recognized the Gilbertian tone of the first four parts of Tennyson’s medley. The main story line, the clever situations and the characters originate with Tennyson. Lady Blanche is urged to “wink” at the appearance of the men in both Princesses. Blanche is drawn more sharply and less kindly by Tennyson. She is softened and made more sympathetic by Gilbert. It is Lady Blanche of The Princess, created by Gilbert before the Gilbert & Sullivan operas, who is the prototype of Gilbert’s older women.

King Gama is drawn more sharply by Gilbert, though both Gamas share the attribute of commonness in appearance and attitude. Tennyson’s Gama is bland and lacking in energy. But the source of Gilbert’s Gama can be seen in the other; and of course both Gamas give to the Princess the free use of a royal residence.

Cyril is the same person as seen by Tennyson and by Gilbert. His down to earth, light approach is present in both Princesses. Perhaps Cyril’s best Gilbertian line is given by Tennyson “For dear are (Psyche’s) three castles to my wants, and dear is Psyche to my heart.” It is in both Princesses that Cyril drinks too much and sings a careless song, causing the Princess to flee and fall into the river.

The Prince (Hilarion), King (Hildebrand), Florian, Arac and his brothers, Princess Ida, Lady Psyche, and Melissa are easily recognizable as having the same qualities in both Princesses.

Gilbert was aware that he could be perceived as having borrowed too freely from Tennyson. He states in an introductory note to Original Plays that “The Princess is a respectful parody of Mr. Tennyson’s exquisite poem. It has been generally held, I believe, that if a dramatist uses the mere outline of an existing story for dramatic purposes, he is at liberty to describe his play as ‘original.’”

Gilbert described The Princess as an Allegory, the use of fictional characters to express truths about the human experience. It is the only Gilbert work to be so designated. How did Gilbert change Tennyson’s poem to allow him to claim this designation? Both tales start with the Prince and Princess separated under the same circumstances and both tales finish with them united by the words “Indeed I love thee—Come.” Gilbert saw, however, that he could completely invert the battle between Ida’s brothers and Hilarion, and not affect the outcome of the story. It is the occurrence of the battle, not the result, which creates the emotional situation which awakens Ida’s feelings. She follows these feelings and finds herself “yoked” to Hilarion “in all exercise of noble end.”
SOURCES

KEY TO SYMBOLS
Non-bold Text unique to The Princess
[Bracket] Text unique to Princess Ida
Bold Text common to The Princess & Princess Ida
r or {Text} Text part of The Princess (1870 but not 1876)
o or [Text] Text part of The Princess (1876 but not 1870)
a Text part of Princess Ida (American but not English)
e Text part of Princess Ida (English but not American)
1 2 3 4 etc. Note. See end of scene for note explanations.
Please see CONVENTIONS USED at rear of book for a detailed explanation of symbol usage and examples.
THE PRINCESS.
[ PRINCESS IDA;
OR,
CASTLE ADAMANT. ]

A Whimsical Allegory.

(Being a Respectful Perversion of Mr. Tennyson’s Poem.)

[A Respectful Operatic Per-Version of Tennyson’s “Princess”]

{ BY

W. S. GILBERT,
(Member of the Dramatic Authors’ Society),

AUTHOR OF
Dulcamara, or the Little Duck and the Great Quack; Allow me to
Explain; Highly Improbable; Harlequin Cock Robin and Jenny
Wren; La Vivandière, or True to the Corps; The Merry Zingara, or
The Tipsy Gipsy and the Pipsy Wipsy; No Cards (German Reed’s);
Robert the Devil, or the Nun, the Dun, and the Son of a Gun; The
Pretty Druidess, or the Mother, the Maid, and the Mistletoe Bough;
An Old Score: Ages Ago (German Reed’s);
&c., &c. }
First Performed at the Royal Olympic Theatre
(under the Management of Mr. W. H. Liston),
on Saturday, the 8th of January, 1870.

THE PRINCESS [IDA].

Music arranged by Mr. WINTERBOTTOM. Scenery by Mr. JOHNSON
and Assistants. }

Characters. Dramatis Personae.

KING HILDEBRAND Mr. DAVID FISHER.

PRINCE HILARION Miss MARIA SIMPSON (Mrs.
(his Son) W. H. LISTON).

CYRIL Miss AUGUSTA THOMSON.

FLORIAN Miss MONTGOMERY.

(his friends, Noblemen of King Hildebrand’s Court)

KING GAMA Mr. ELLIOTT.

PRINCE ARAC Miss JESSIE EARLE.

PRINCE GURON Miss HARRINGTON.

PRINCE SCYNTHIUS Miss EWELL.

(his Sons)

ATHO Mr. FRANKS.
(King Hildebrand’s Chamberlain)

FIRST OFFICER Mr. ARTHUR BROWN.

SECOND OFFICER Mr. DAVIS.

GOBBO Mr. ST. MAUR.
(a Porter)

PRINCESS IDA Miss MATTIE REINHARDT.
(Daughter of King Gama, and Principal of the Ladies’ University)

LADY PSYCHE Miss FANNY ADDISON.
(Professor of Experimental Science [Humanities])

LADY BLANCHE Mrs. POYNTER.
(Professor of Abstract Philosophy [Science])
MELISSA (her Daughter) Miss Pattie Josephs.
BERTHA (Lady Blanche’s Daughter) Miss Joy.
ADA Miss Clyfoard.
CHLOE Miss Moore.
SACHARISSA Miss Alma.
SYLVIA Miss Everard.
PHEBE Miss Fitzjames.
(Graduates) (Girl Graduates)
PHYLLIS (Girl Graduates) Miss Corinne.
AMARANTHE Miss Graham.
LAURA Miss Clara.
{ EIGHT STOUT DAUGHTERS OF THE PLOUGH
Misses Wood, Cara, Dowling, Chandler, Graham, Stanley, Florence, and Nicholls. }
(Chorus of Female Undergraduates)
[Officers] [Undergraduates, Soldiers, Courtiers, Pages,
[“Girl Graduates,” “Daughters of the Plough,”] &c.

{ Programme of Scenery.
SCENE II.—Gates of Castle Adamant.
SCENE IV.—King Hildebrand’s Camp before Castle Adamant.
SCENE V [Act II].—Inner Gate [Courtyard] of Castle Adamant. }
SCENE FIRST.—Court in King Hildebrand's Palace. KING HILDEBRAND, {c.,} discovered seated, in gloomy mood—FLORIAN and other COURTIES discovered looking off {R.} through telescopes—CYRIL standing by the KING.

{ Opening Chorus, from "Mariage aux Lanternes."

ALL. Of the all-absorbing topic,
That distracts his kingly mind,
Information telescopic
We're endeavouring to find!

CYRIL. Prince Hilarion's intended,
Her progenitor should bring, sir!

FLORI. All anxiety is ended,
For I think I see the king, sir!

(the OTHERS in succession)

There he is!
There he is!
There he is!
There he is. (bis)"

ALL. No! No! No!
No! No! No!
All in vain, sir!
Wrong again, sir!
No! No! No!
No! No! No!
All in vain, sir!
Try again, sir!

HILDE. Know all men, that, unless to-morrow morning
Ida signs her marriage cer—
-Tificate-tificate-tificate-tificate,
-Tificate, it'll be worse for her!

ALL. Know all men, &c. }
Hilde. See you no sign of Gama?
Flori. None, my liege.

Hilde. It’s very odd indeed! If Gama fails
To put in an appearance at our [Ç]court,
Before the sun has set in yonder west;
And fails to bring the Princess Ida here–
To whom our son Hilarion was betrothed
At the extremely early age of one–]
There’s war between King Gama and ourself[
([A]side to Cyril[.]])
Oh Cyril, how I dread this interview!
It’s twenty years since he and I have met.
He was a twisted monster–all awry.[–]
As though [d]Dame Nature, angry with her work,
Had crumpled crumpled it in fitful petulance!]

Cyril. But, sir, a twisted and ungainly trunk,
Often bears goodly fruit–[. P]erhaps he was
A kind, well-spoken gentleman?

Hilde. Oh, no–[!
For, adder-like, his sting lay in his tongue[
His bitter insolence still rankles here,
Although a score of years have come and gone!
{ [t]His ["sting"] is present–[.]
though his tongue ["stung"] is past[.])

His outer man, gnarled, knotted as it was,
Seemed to his cruel and cynical within,
Hyperion to a Saturday Review!

Cyril. Oh, bear with him–he is an old, old man.
Old men are fretful–peevish, as we know.
A worm will sometimes turn–so will the milk
Of human kindness, if it’s kept too long.

Flori. (looking through glass[.]):
But stay, my liege; o’er yonder mountain’s brow
Comes a small body[,] bearing Gama’s arms;
And, now I look more closely at it, sir,
I see attached to it King Gama’s legs;
From which I gather this ["the"] corollary–
That that small body must be Gama’s own!

Hilde. Ha! Is the Princess with him?
Flori. Well, my liege,
Unless her ladyship [highness] is [full] six feet high,  
And wears moustachios, too.[–] and smokes cigars,[–]  
And rides en cavalière, in coat of mail, [steel–]  
I do not think she is.

HILDE. (excited)? [One never knows.  
She’s a strange girl, I’ve heard, and does odd things!]  
Come, bustle there!

For Gama. place the richest robes we have [own]![s]  
For Gama. place the coarsest prison dress![s]  
For Gama. let our best spare bed be aired![s]  
For Gama. lay the costliest banquet out![s]  
For Gama. place cold water and dry bread![s]

{Exeunt all but the KING, R.}

For as King Gama brings the Princess here,  
Or brings her not, so shall King Gama have-  
Much more than everything—much less than nothing’!

Enter PRINCE HILARION{, R.}.

HILAR. Well[,] father, is there news for me, at last?

HILDE. My son, King Gama’s host is now in sight[.]

Prepare to meet the fascinating bride  
To whom you were betrothed so long ago.  
[but much I fear  
With no Princess!]  
Why, how you sigh!

HILAR. [Alas, m]My liege, I’m much afraid [I’ve heard]

“The [”That] Princess Ida has not come with him.  

HILDE. And why?

HILAR. I’ve heard she has forsworn the world,  
And, with a band of women, shut herself  
Within a lonely country house, and there  
Devotes herself to stern philosophies.[!]

HILDE. Then. I should say. the loss of such a wife  
Is one to which a reasonable man  
Would easily be reconciled.

HILAR. Oh[,] no–[!]  
Or I am not a reasonable man.  
She is my wife[–] has been for twenty years.[!]

HILDE. That’s true—you were a baby in long clothes
When you gained Ida’s heart and she gained yours.

HILAR. Yes—I remember—each of us was won!

I think I see her now! ([L]looking through telescope [glass].)

HILDE. Ha! let me look!

HILAR. In my mind’s eye, I mean—a blushing bride—[†∗]

All bib and tucker—[†] frill and furbelow! [†∗]

How exquisite she looked[,] as she was borne[,] Recumbent[,] in the monthly [her foster-mother] nurse’s arms! How the bride wept!—nor would be comforted Until the hireling mother—for-the-nonce[,] Administered refreshment in the vestry.

And I remember feeling much annoyed That she should weep at marrying with me[,] ‘But then,’ I thought, “[T]hese brides are all alike!” Cry on, young lady—brides are bound to cry.

You cry at marrying me? How much more cause You’d have to cry if it were broken off!” These were my thoughts—[†] I kept them to myself, For, at that age, I had not learnt to speak.

HILDE. Your memory is singularly good.

HILAR. Do you remember, too, the wedding feast?* Rolls steeped in milk, and other softened food, Fit for our undeveloped little gums;* And talk of drink, I never shall forget, How merrily we passed that nursing bottle! A curly headed patriarch of three— The Princess Ida’s uncle—then proposed The happy couple’s health—the bridesmaids, then, Fifteen in number—each six weeks of age, Began to weep—the fifteen groomsmen, too; (The eldest of them eighteen months or so); Wept also—then, remembering they were men, Dashed from their eyes the unaccustomed brine! We parted then—and since, for twenty years, We have not met. It seems quite strange that she Should have become a woman in the while[,] {And yet know all that should become a man!} She speaks a hundred languages I’m told.

HILDE. Your late† mamma† had mastered only one, Yet she was never at a loss for words!
HILAR. But think how useful is a wife who can
Express her fancies in a hundred tongues.

HILDE. You will find one, of average length, enough.

{HILAR. Then, she’s so quick in her arithmetic—
  She can add fifty figures at a glance.

HILDE. It’s quite enough, my son, if she can add
  Occasionally to your family.

HILAR. Our children, too, will be so clever!

HILDE. Yes,
  They quite outstrip their mother now-a-days—
  She stops at adding, but they multiply! }

HILAR. I’ve heard she hopes to make all women swear
  That they’ll abjure, for aye, the tyrant Man!
  She’s far before the age in which she lives!

HILDE. At all events she’s singular in that;
  Most grown up ladies of our court give out
  That they are several years behind their age!

HILAR. A woman thus endowed should have been born
  A century hence, at least!

HILDE. The day will come
  When you will most devoutly wish she had.

Enter CYRIL. { R.}

CYRIL. My liege, King Gama’s train is at the gate,
  And prays admission.

HILDE. Cyril, shew him in.
  Though Princess Ida wore a Gorgon’s head,
  He shall not tamper with King Hildebrand!

Flourish—Procession. Enter CYRIL, FLORIAN and COURT, {R.,}
  ushering KING GAMA, and one ATTENDANT.

GAMA. So this is Castle Hildebrand?—well, well—!
  Dame Rumour whispered that the place was grand;
  She told me that your taste was exquisite—!

Superb—unparalleled—!

HILDE. Oh, really, king—!

GAMA. But she’s a liar! Why, how old ’you’re ‘you’ve grown!
  Is this Hilarion?—why[,] you’ve changed, too![—]
  You were a singularly handsome child!
(to CYRIL) ((To FLORIAN.))

Are you a courtier? Come. then, ply your trade!
Tell me some lies. [H]ow do you like your king?
Vile Rumour says he’s all but imbecile.

Now, that’s not true?

CYRIL [FLOR]. My lord, we love our king.
His wise remarks are valued by his court
As precious stones.

GAMA. And for the self-same cause.
Like precious stones the wit of Hildebrand, his sensible remarks,
Derive its value from its scarcity!
Come now, be honest, tell the truth for once.
Tell it of me. Come, come, I’ll harm you not.
This leg is crooked; this foot is ill-designed.
This shoulder wears a hump. C]ome, out with it!
Look, here’s my face. N]ow, am I not the worst
Of Nature’s blunders?

To those who know the workings of your mind,
Your face and figure, sir, suggest a book
Appropriately bound.

GAMA. (in a rage) (enraged.) Why, harkye, sir?

How dare you bandy words with me?

HILAR [CYRIL]. No need.

To bandy aught that appertains to you.

GAMA. (to HILDEBRAND) (furiously.) Do you permit this, king?

HILDE. We are in doubt
Whether to treat you as an honored guest,
Or as a traitor knave who plights his word.
And breaks it!

GAMA. (quickly.) If the casting vote’s with me.
I give it for the former.

HILDE. We shall see.

By the terms of our contract, signed and sealed,
You’re bound to-day to bring the Princess here.
To join her spouse. Why is she not with you?

GAMA. Why? Come, I’ll tell you, if you’ll
Answer me this.

What think you of a wealthy purse-proud man.
Who, when he calls upon a starving friend,
Pulls out his gold, and flourishes his notes,
And flashes diamonds in the pauper’s eyes—[?]
What name have you for such an one?

HILDE. A snob[.]

GAMA. Just so[.]. King Hildebrand, I am no snob.
The girl has beauty, virtue, learning, wit,
Grace, humour, wisdom, charity, and pluck.
Would it be kindly, think you, to parade[.]
These brilliant qualities before your eyes?
Oh, no, King Hildebrand, I am no snob!

HILDE. But hang it, man, the contract that we signed
Some twenty years ago—

GAMA. Why, here’s good news!
(to Court) At last your king is going to redeem
His lengthy list of broken promises—
And very properly, as wise men should,
Begin at the beginning!

HILDE. *(in a rage) [*furiouss*]* Stop that tongue,
Or you shall lose the monkey head that holds it!
Oh, I’ll be even with you, yet, for this.

GAMA. Bravo! [*y*] Your king deprives me of my head,
That he and I may meet on equal terms!

HILDE. Of this anon—we’ll try the force of arms—
Where is she now?

GAMA. In Castle Adamant[.].
One of my many country houses. *There*
She rules a woman’s University,
With full five [a] hundred girls[.], who learn of her.

CYRIL. Five [A] hundred girls! Five [A] hundred ecstacies!*

GAMA. But no mere girls, my good young gentleman[; .]
With all the college learning that you boast,
The youngest there will prove a match for you! [*you.]* [*you.*]

CYRIL. With all my heart, if she’s the prettiest!
*(to HILAR.) [(To *4HIL. 3FLO.*)]*
Fancy—[.], five [a] hundred matches—all alight[!-]
That’s if I strike them, as I hope to do.[!]

GAMA. Despair your hope[.]; their hearts are dead to man [men].
He who desires to gain their favour must
Be qualified to strike their teeming brains,
And not their hearts! They're safety-matches, sir, and they light only on the knowledge box. So you've no chance!

HILAR. We'll try, at all events.
I'll take no soldiers, father, in my train—
Cyril and Florian here will go with me,
And we will storm them ere the week is out.

GAMA. That's brave! They're only women—storm away!

HILAR. Oh, don't mistake us, sir, we mean to storm
Their eyes and hearts, and not their citadel.
With sighs we'll charge our mines and counter-mines,
Dance steps shall be our scaling ladders, with
Those croquet mallets for our battering rams.
Fair flowers shall bear the only blades we wield,
Our eyes shall be our very deadliest darts,
And bon-bon crackers our artillery!

GAMA. And so you think to conquer them with sighs?
My good young gentleman, a sigh, to them,
Is simply an exceptionally marked
Contraction of the intercostal muscles!
Croquet is interesting only when
It illustrates familiar theories
Of incidental and reflecting angles.
Fair flowers, to them, are mere embodiments
Of calyx, pistil, stamina, and petal.
Expressive eyes would have their charm, no doubt—

'HILDE. "Hilarion. Of course!"

GAMA. But only, be it understood,
As illustrating theories of vision!
But here are letters—take them if you like—
Perhaps she's tired of disobedience,
And may admit you.

HILDE. Good! Hilarion, go,
Take Florian and Cyril, as you say,
King Gama, we detain you pris'ner here,
As hostage for the safety of our son.

GAMA. A prisoner? Why, what should I do here
At Castle Hildebrand? I am not mad!

HILDE. You can amuse yourself by fancying
That there’s an execution in our house,\(^9\)
And you’re the party in possession—or
That we are dead and you’ve succeeded us.
In short, suppose whatever state of things
Would offer you the greatest happiness.

**GAMA.** "(to HILDEBRAND)" *(to HILARION)."\(^7\)*
You run a risk, my friend; so take good heed,
For no one knows her temper but myself:
*(to KING)* Since her betrothal, king, until the day
When she abjured all male society,
I was the only man she ever saw!

'HILDE. "HILAR. Oh, that explains the mystery at once,\(^7\)
And simplifies our task—come, Florian,
And we will shew these maidens what they’ve lost.

| Exeunt HILARION, FLORIAN, and CYRIL. |

{ Air—"We are Gentlemen," ("Ching Chow Hi.")

**HILDE.** My boy, you’re very young—
Keep watch upon your tongue!

**HILAR.** We’ll plan our plotting neatly,
Or we shall fail completely!

**FLORI.** Three gentlemen among five hundred ladies!
With good luck, we’ll succeed no doubt!

**CYRIL.** Fair Ida’s regulation disobeyed is—
We lose our lives, if we’re found out!
The risk we run is fearful, very—
We lose our lives, though we seem merry!

**HILDE.** Before my eyes there comes a mist,
The risk you run is fearful, very!

**CYRIL.** On your connivance I must insist!

**GAMA.** You do insist?

**CYRIL.** I do insist! I do insist!

**HILAR.** Treat them rightly,
Most politely,
Most politely—\(^10\)
This I beg!

**ALL.** Treat them rightly!

**HILARION, CYRIL,**
SCENE I

and FLORIAN.  We’re gentlemen—We’re all alike—
We’re gentlemen!

HILDE.  Of that I’m aware,
Though you’ve so much back hair!

ALL.  We’re / They’re gentlemen, &c. }

SCENE FIRST NOTES
Two songs and nine lines from the 1870 play were deleted for the 1876 book. One line was restored for the 1884 opera.

1. (bis). A direction indicating that the passage is to be repeated.
2. crumpled crumbled. Crumpled is in the play and opera, crumbled in the book. This is an instance which indicates that WSG went back to the play as his basis for the opera.
3. His sting is present...The line from the play which was restored for the opera. This is another instance showing the play, not the book, as the source for the opera.
4. Hyperion to a Saturday Review satyr. WSG revises the famous quote from Hamlet. This compares something great (Hyperion is the sun god Apollo) to something of lesser quality.
5. Hilarion. Hildebrand and Castle Adamant are not named in Tennyson’s poem. Hilarion is the narrator, “A Prince...blue-eyed and fair in face.” The Prince’s father “thought a king a king” and “held his sceptre like a pedant’s wand to lash offence”. Princess Ida makes her university at “a summer-palace near your father’s (Hildebrand’s) frontier”.
6. ecstasies. WSG misspells ecstasies in the play; it is corrected, maybe by the editors, in the book; it reappears in the opera. Later editions of the libretto spell the word correctly.
7. HILDE. HILAR. This occurs three times in Scene I. From the context, it is clear that WSG corrects errors in the play libretto. Presumably, these are his errors, not the printer’s.
8. Gama’s sons do not make an appearance at Castle Hildebrand in the play and book. This makes the taking of Gama as a prisoner a quiet affair.
9. ...execution in our house... An order of eviction. William Gilbert, WSG’s father, wrote in his 1864 novel De Profundis that for overdue rent “An execution was placed in her house and she decamped the same day.”
10. Most politely, Most politely. This is from a deleted song. The phrase surfaces again in the opera.
Scene Second.—The Gates of Castle Adamant—Porter’s Lodge (practicable), L.

Enter Gobbo, {R.,} with ladies’ robes on his arm{,} singing. Air, “Frog in Yellow.”

I believe I am considered a very stupid fellow,
My hair is all untidy, and my face a dirty yellow;
   It’s a phiz,
As it is,
Which becomes a stupid fellow;
   Any case,
For a face,
I prefer a dirty yellow; }

Gobbo. More robes for undergraduates! I suppose
   Some students are expected here to-day.
No girl without a robe may pass those gates!
   They are so proud of these here caps and gowns,
They hardly like to take ’em off a-night!
   They even wear (or so I’ve heard it said)
Night-caps and night-gowns when they go to bed!¹

²Exit into porter’s lodge{,} L.

Enter Hilarion, Cyril, and Florian{,} R.

Hilar. So, here’s [that’s] the Princess Ida’s castle[!] Well,
   They must be lovely girls[,] indeed[,] if it requires
Such walls as these [those] to keep intruders off!
Cyril. To keep men off is only half their charge,
   And that the easier half. I much suspect
The object of these walls is not so much
To keep men off: as keep the maidens in[?]!
Hilar. Here lives the porter, Cyril. I’ll be bound
He’s quite as learned as the rest of them,
Half Newton and half Bacon! Here he comes.

Enter Gobbo from lodge.

Cyril. Half Bacon? No,—all Bacon I should say!
Gobbo. Now then, what is it?
Hilar. I’m a royal prince;
   These gentlemen are followers of mine;
We hold King Gama’s letters, charging you
To bear us safely to the Council Hall,
In which the Princess Ida holds her state.

GOBBO. Ho! ho! ho! ho!

HILAR. How now?—you mock at us? (draws sword)

GOBBO. Mock you? Why, bless your heart and soul alive,
No man may place his foot within those walls!
It’s death to disobey our Princess, sir!

FLORI. It’s double death to disobey your king! (draws)

CYRIL. It’s treble death to disobey ourselves! (draws)

GOBBO. But, sirs, I am the only man alive
Who ever enters!

FLORI. You?

GOBBO. Yes! Once a year
I am led through their ranks that they may see
What sort of thing’s a man! “See here!” she cries,
“See—this is what you lose in losing man!
This is a courtly knight—well born, well formed!”
(I’m comely, sirs; but, bless you, I’m no knight!)
“Look, girls,” she cries, “this is a courtly knight—
A type of all that’s beautiful in man!”

{HILAR. A type that wants a deal of “setting up!”
(conceitedly) Now, if they took us, Florian—

GOBBO. (aside) They’d take
A type that wants a deal of “setting down!”

(aloud) And then they make me gibber, squeak, and mow;
Then, with much deference and mock courtesy,
They bow me to my duty at the gate!

{CYRIL. But their professors—are they merely girls?
The college dons—

GOBBO. Are donnas every one!

FLORI. Their doctors?

GOBBO. Women dressed in sober gowns,
With hair cut short, like men—in short, doctresses!

HILAR. Her servants?

GOBBO. Eight stout daughters of the plough,
Rescued in time from perilous husbandry!

FLOR. Are there no males whatever in those walls?

GOBBO. None, gentlemen, excepting letter mails!
And they are driven (as males often are
In other large communities—by women![.]
If you’ll believe me, gentlemen, I swear,
[Why, bless my heart, s] She’s so confoundedly particular.
She’ll scarcely suffer ‘Doctor “Dr. Wattis’s hymns[.-]’
And all the animals she owns are “hers!” “‘hers!’ [“her’s!”]!
The ladies rise at cockcrow every morn—

HILAR [CYRIL]. Oh, [Ah,] then they have male poultry![?]
GOBBO [GAMA], Not at all,[.]
{(C)confidentially[.]):}
The crowing’s done by an accomplished hen!
CYRIL [FLO]. And [But] what are these?
(Looking at robes in lodge[.])
[Examining some Collegiate robes.]
GOBBO. [HIL. (Looking at them.) Why,] The [A]academic robes,
Worn by the lady undergraduates[.]
When they matriculate.

HILAR.
I’ll try one on. (Does so.)
[Let’s try them on. [They do so.]
Why; see[.—we’re]—I’m covered to the very toes[.]
Ha! I’ve a proposition!

FLORI.
State it then.

HILAR. Suppose we dress ourselves as girls, and claim
Admission to this University?
It is a thing we’ve often done at home
In amateur theatricals. You know
How well I play viragos in burlesque!

FLORI. My Cleopatra, too—remember that!
CYRIL. My Mrs. Bouncer, too, in 'Box and Cox’!
HILAR. Wilt play the woman, then?

CYRIL. Of course! What knight
Would hesitate to “take a woman’s part?”

Quartette.—HILARION, CYRIL, FLORIAN, and GOBBO, as
they dress themselves in women’s clothes.

“Les Trois Cousins” (La Perichole).

FLORI. If we are hailed with any query,
Say we are nice young ladies, three;
Who of the world terribly weary,
Enter a University.
Such lovely girls, ha, ha, ha, ha!

CHORUS. (All.) Such lovely girls, ha, ha, ha, ha!

CYRIL. We will declare to them that lately,

We have been bored with suitors stately,

And we prefer young ladies greatly—

Sorry to say that that’s too true!

CHORUS. (All.) Sorry to say that that’s too true!

HILAR. "We must take care when we are talking,

Never our manly tastes to 'shew; 'show;

Hold up our dresses thus in walking,

Showing an inch of ankle—so!

CHORUS. (All.) Showing an inch of ankle—so!

Such lovely girls, ha, ha, ha, ha!

Such lovely girls, ha, ha, ha, ha!

Gobbo. If you were not so darned acute, a

Serious thing 'twould be for me!

You are the very ones to suit a

Feminine Universitee.

Such lovely girls, ha, ha, ha, ha!

CHORUS. Such lovely girls, ha, ha, ha, ha!

Going to-day, to join the new

Feminine Universitee! }

Gobbo! (in terror): But, gentle man, observe—if you do this, 6

What's to become of me?

HILAR. I do not know

What will become of you if we do this;

But I can read the fate in store for you

If you presume to interfere with us.

Now, porter, say to whom we should apply

To gain admission.

Gobbo! (in tears): Why, to Lady Blanche

Or Lady Psyche.

FLORI. Which is prettier? 7

Gobbo. Well, I like Lady Blanche by far the best. 8

FLORI. Then we declare for Lady Blanche at once 9;

Gobbo. You see, she’s more my age—the other one

Is young and pretty! (contemptuously): 9

CYRIL. Bah! Then I retract 9;

We will be Psyche’s interesting charge 9.
So go and summon her. (GOBBO rings and then exit.)

FLORI. But stop a bit, What will your father think of such a scheme?

CYRIL. Oh, he be--dashed!

HILAR. Extremely shocked I am!

CYRIL. I meant my sire--

HILAR. I thought you meant your “dam”!

Enter LADY PSYCHE [the PRINCESS reading.] from gate, attended.

PSYCHE [PRIN]. Who summons us? [What would you with us?]

HILAR. [We are t]Three would-be students, ma’am-[

Three noble ladies, ma’am, [well-born maids]

of good [liberal] estate,

Who wish to join this [â]University: (they curtsy[:]).

PSYCHE [PRIN]. If, as you say, you wish to join our ranks,

And will conform with [subscribe to] all our rules, ’tis well.

But understand--you must adapt yourselves

To all the regulations now in force,

In Princess Ida’s University.

HILAR [FLO]. To all its [your] rules, we cheerfully subscribe.

FLORI. ([Aside:] to HILARION): Here’s a catastrophe, Hilarion!

This is my sister! She’ll remember me,

Though years have passed since she and I have met!

HILAR. No matter, hide your face--she’ll know you not.

PSYCHE [PRIN]. You say you’re noblewomen-[ W]ell, you’ll find

No sham degrees for noblewomen, here-[

{ [You’ll find n]No sizars [here], moderators, [or] servitors,[:]

Or other cruel contrivances [distinctions, meant] to draw

An arbitrary line ’twixt rich and poor.: you’ll find

No butteries, or other institutes,

To make poor students feed rich cooks--no tufts

To mark nobility:, except such tufts

As indicate nobility of brain.

As to [for] your fellow-students, mark me well-[

There are five [a] hundred maidens [with]in these walls,

All good, all learned, and all beautiful[:]

You must select your intimates from these;

They are prepared to love you,: will you swear ["try

You’ll do your best to love them in return?

[To give the fullness of your love to them?]
FLORI [HIL]. Upon our words and honours, ma’am, we will![?]
PSYCHE. And will you swear that if, by any chance,
You’re thrown into a man’s society,
You’ll not allow your thoughts to stray from us,
But, at the earliest opportunity,
You’ll give up his society for ‘our’ ‘ours’?
CYRIL. All this, dear madam, cheerfully we swear.
PSYCHE [PRIN]. But we go further: will you undertake
That you will never marry any man?
FLORI. Indeed we never will!
PSYCHE [PRIN]. Consider well,—
You must prefer our maids to all mankind!
HILAR. To all mankind we ‘much [must] prefer your maids!
CYRIL. We should be dolts; indeed, if we did not,
Seeing how fair—
HILAR. (aside to CYRIL[?]) Take care, that’s rather strong!
(aloud) We have seen men of wealth—ayé, princes, too—
Whose beauty has been so remarkable,
That half the maidens in our monarch’s court
Have pined away and died for love of them!
These men—Apollos in their manly grace,
Indeed in everything (except in that
They wore a proper quantity of clothes)—
We think of with profound indifference!
But, when we see a woman who excels
In virtue, scholarship, and loveliness,
We long to lay our heads upon her breast,
And join our lives with hers!
PSYCHE [PRIN]. Why, that’s well said;
But have you left no lovers at your home,
Who may pursue you here?
HILAR. No, madam, none—[.]
We’re homely ladies; as no doubt you see,
And we have never fished for lover’s love—[.]
We smile at girls who deck themselves with gems,
False hair, and meretricious ornaments;
To chain the fleeting fancy of a man,—
But do not imitate them. What we have
Of hair[.] is all our own—[. O]ur colour, too,
Unladylike, but not unwomanly,
Is but the glow of rugged, boisterous health;
Our gait, untrammelled by the influence
Of high heeled boots, small waists, and Grecian bends,
May seem undignified—but then we walk
As Nature meant us to—
[Is Nature’s handiwork.] and man has learnt
To reckon Nature an impertinence!

PSYCHE [PRIN]. I know how coldly men regard a girl,
Whose beauty is her poorest excellence;
But beauty goes for nothing in these walls.
[Welf, beauty counts for naught within these walls;]
You’ll find yourselves appreciated here:
If what [all] you say is true, you’ll spend with us
A happy, happy time!

CYRIL. If, as you say,
Five [A] hundred lovely maidens wait within,
To welcome us with smiles and open arms,
I think there’s very little doubt we shall!

[Exeunt into Castle.]


PSYCHE. If you pass within our hall,
You must learn to love us all!

HILAR. Why, that’s the very kind of learning,
For which we three have long been burning!

CYRIL. You’ll find us ready, goodness knows,
If all the girls have eyes like those!

FLORI. (aside) Take care, you donkey, you’re forgetting,
The secret you will out be letting!

HILAR. We’ll pursue our studies, mum,
Right through your curriculum!
Crochet and alchemy, tatting, hydrostatics,
Millineree and the higher mathematics,
Mytholol-lol-lol-lol-lol-lol-lol-o-glee!

CYRIL. Spectrum, analysis and “ah che la morte,”
Artilleree and the cottage pianoforte,
Astrolol-lol-lol-lol-lol-lol-lol-o-glee!

CHORUS. Crochet and alchemy, &c. }
SCENE SECOND NOTES
Two songs and ten lines from the 1870 play were deleted for the 1876 book. One line was restored for the 1884 opera. Also deleted was one-quarter of the song Les Trois Cousins.
1. Gobbo is based on the host of a hostel near Princess Ida’s castle, in Tennyson’s poem. He provides female gear to the three young men.
2. (aloud) And then they make me gibber. (aloud) should have been deleted when some lines from the play were deleted.
3. Watts’s Watts’s is shown as Watt’s in the book. This error is corrected in Original Plays, A New Edition (1884).
4. The host in Tennyson’s poem jests that “all the swine were sows.” This idea of only female animals is given by WSG to Gama.
5. ha! ha! is shown as ha, in the book. This error is corrected in Original Plays, A New Edition (1884).
6. gentlemen is shown as gentleman in the book. This error is corrected in Original Plays, A New Edition (1884).
7. Which is prettier? This question is asked in Tennyson’s poem of one of Ida’s female attendants: “Which was prettiest, best natured?” “Lady Psyche.” “Hers are we.”
8. Lady Blanche was Ida’s governess for many years, after the Queen’s death, in the poem. Lady Blanche feels supplanted in Ida’s affections by the arrival of Lady Psyche.
9. Lady Psyche is a young widow with a small baby in the poem. She is the same age as Princess Ida and becomes her close friend. The baby, Aglaia, plays a pivotal role in awakening Ida’s emotions.
10. No sizars…The line from the play which was restored for the opera.
SCENE THIRD.—Grounds of Castle Adamant; Waterfall and Stream, crossed by practicable rustic bridge, L.; GIRL-STUDENTS discovered grouped about the stage, occupied with philosophical instruments, &c.

{ Chorus, from “Pont des Soupirs.”

On astronomy, economy and every onomy,
We chatter, chatter, chatter,
Archæology, conchology, and every ology,
A clatter, clatter, clatter.
Such a learned University you don’t often see!
Such a learned University you don’t often see!

ADA. But on digging for Greek roots the Princess places solemnlee

A stopper, stopper, stopper.

CHLOE. She considers digging roots (as smacking much of husbandree)

Improper-proper-proper;
Such a University is this for propriete!
Such a University is this for propriete!

ADA. I shall be quite alone, dear, in my rooms,
So come and spend a long, long evening—do!
And bring your steam-engine!

CHLOE. Oh, that I will!
And you shall shew me all your nice new things—
That quadrant—and the anemometer;
And oh, that darling, darling dumpy-level
I’ve heard so much about!

LYDIA. My love, I see

You’ve got another new theodolite.
(aside to CHLOE)
That’s the fifteenth this month! The one I use
Went out of fashion half a year ago!
Oh, I’ve a bit of scandal! What d’you think?
Melissa found a billet-doux, concealed
In that Egyptian mummy we unrolled
Last night. Just think of that!

Enter MELISSA, from bridge, running.
MELISSA. I say, my dear,
   I have such news for you! I've just been shown
   The robe for doctors of divinity.
   Oh, it's the sweetest thing!—Magenta silk,
   Trimmed with chinchilla, bouillonné behind,
   Gored to the figure though; and on the skirt,
   Two rows of Cluny lace as deep as that!
CHLOE. Oh my! how lovely!
MELISSA. Then the trencher cap
   Is amber satin, trimmed with Cluny lace
   And rows of pearls; and round the outer edge
   The tiniest, tiniest rosebuds in the world!
ADA' (to CHLOE): It's much more lovely than the legal gown—
   Green grenadine, with ruchings down the front,
   That we shall wear.
CHLOE: (pouting) I shall give up the law
   And go into the church! I've always felt
   A serious longing for a pastor's life;
   Besides, I'm dark, and look a fright in green!
SACHA. Take care, here's Lady Blanche. How stern she looks!

Enter LADY BLANCHE. [.] L., GIRLS study vigorously.
[All stand up demurely.]

BLANCHE. Attention, ladies, while I read to you
   The Princess Ida's list of punishments [.] The first is Sacharissa. She's expelled [!] 2
ALL. Expelled!
BLANCHE. Expelled [.] because, although she knew
   No man of any kind may see these halls [pass our walls],
   She dared to bring a set of chessmen here!
SACHA' (in tears [crying]):
   I meant no harm [.] they're only men of wood! [!]
BLANCHE. They're men with whom you give each other mate [.]
   And that's enough! The next is Sylvia—[Chloe.]
SYLVIA [CHLOE]. Oh! [Ah!]
BLANCHE. Sylvia is rusticated for a month
   Because, in spite of all our college rules
   Upon the point, she dared to put three rows
   Of lace insertion round her graduate's gown!
   {Chloe is gated for a week.
CHLOE. Oh! why?
BLANCHE. Why? Yesterday, in Princess Ida’s ears,
Without an invitation, you declined
That hideous verb, “amo!”
CHLOE. I heard her say
She wished all students to “decline to love!”
BLANCHE. Phyllis [Chloe] will lose three terms, for yesterday,
When, looking through her drawing book, I found
A sketch of a perambulator!
ALL. (shocked): [(horrified):] Oh!
BLANCHE. Double perambulator, shameless girl!
That’s all at present. Now, attention:
Your principal, the Princess, comes to give
Her usual inaugural address,
To those young ladies who joined yesterday.

March.–Enter the PRINCESS,[c]
over bridge, [s]attended [s]by eight [s]six [s]“daughters of the plough?”
{–she ascends bank, C.} [(All curtsey profoundly.)]

PRINCESS. Women of Adamant–, [f]air [N]eophytes,[–]
Who pant [thirst] for the [such] instruction [as] we can give,
Attend; while I unfold a parable:

The elephant is stronger [mightier] than the [M]an,
Yet [M]an subdues him. Why? The elephant
Is elephantine everywhere but here:
(tapping [her] forehead),
And [M]an, whose brain is to the elephant’s,[–]
As [W]oman’s brain to [M]an’s—that’s [the] rule of three–
Conquers the foolish giant of the woods,
As [W]oman, in her turn, shall conquer [M]an.[!]
In [M]athematics, [W]oman leads the way!–
The narrow-minded pedant still believes
That two and two make four! Why, we [we] can prove–
We women,[–] household drudges as we are–
That two and two make five—or three—or seven–
Or five and twenty, as [if] the case demands!
Finance? Why, I’ve heard clever men declare,
Their bankers’ balance being overdrawn,
They don’t know where to turn for ready cash,
Yet wilfully ignoring all the while
That remedy unfailing–draw a cheque!
Diplomacy? The wily [wiliest] diplomat
Is absolutely helpless in our hands:
He [He] wheedles monarchs—Woman wheedles him!
Logic? Why, tyrant [M]an himself admits
It's waste of time to argue with a woman!
Then we excel in social qualities:*:
Though [M]an professes that he holds our sex
In utter scorn, I'll undertake [venture] to say [believe]
If you could read the secrets of his heart,
He'd rather be alone [spend the day] with one of you:
Than with five hundred of his fellow men!
In all things we excel. Believing this,
Five [A] hundred maidens here have sworn to place
Their foot [feet] upon his neck. If we succeed,
We'll treat him better than he treated us:
But if we fail, then let hope fail too!
Let no one care one [a] penny how she looks:
Let red be worn with yellow—blue with green:
Crimson with scarlet—violet with blue!
Let all your things misfit, and you [y]ourselves:
At inconvenient moments come undone!
Let hair-pins lose their virtue; let the hook
Disdain the fascination of the eye—
The bashful button modestly evade
The soft embraces of the button [hole]!
Let old associations all dissolve,
Let Swan secede from Edgar—“Grant” from Gask,
Sewell from Cross—Lewis from Allenby—!
In other words, let Chaos come again!
Whose lectures in the "Upper Hall of Arts to-day?
BLANCHE. I, madam, on Abstract Philosophy.
There. I propose considering, at length,
Three points—the Is, the Might Be, and the Must.
Whether the Is, from being actual fact,
Is more important than the vague Might Be,
Or the Might Be, from taking wider scope,
Is, for that reason, greater than the Is:
And lastly, how the Is and Might Be stand
Compared with the inevitable Must:
PRIN. The subject's deep—how do you treat it, pray?
BLANCHE. Madam, I take three possibilities;
And strike a balance, then, between the three:
As thus—the Princess Ida is our head,
The Lady Psyche might be—Lady Blanche—Neglected Blanche—inevitably Must.
Given these three hypotheses—to find
The actual betting against each of them!
Come, girls!

'Music—Exeunt Lady Blanche and Students.

Chorus—“Through the Wood.”

ALL.
Principal, Principal! excellent, kindly!
Hail to our Principal—bow to her, all!
We’re only too happy to follow her blindly,
And pick up the pearls of her mind as they fall.

PRIN. (looking after her):
Ambitious fool. And do you think you can
Provide this college with a head. Go, go!
Provide yourself with one—you want it more!

Enter Lady Psyche, over bridge, conducting Hilarion,
Florian, and Cyril.

LADY P. Here is the Princess Ida’s favourite grove,
And here’s the Princess.
(To Princess)
These are ladies three
Who join our College.

HILAR. (aside to Cyril):
Gods! how beautiful!

PRIN. What special study do you seek, my friend?

HILAR. (enraptured): Madam, I come that I may learn to live,
For, if I come not here, I die!

PRIN. (laughing):
Indeed?
Your case is desperate! We welcome you.
We meet at luncheon—until then, farewell!

Exit Princess.

FLORI [HIL]. (aside to Hilarion [Florian]):
When Psyche sees my face, I’m confident
She’ll recognize her brother Florian.
Let’s make a virtue of necessity,
And trust our secret to her gentle care. (HILARION assents?)

FLOŘI. (aloud) Psyche! Why don’t you know me? Florian! (PSYCHE amazed?)

PSYCHE. Why, Florian!

FLOŘI. My sister! (embraces her.)

PSYCHE. Oh, my dear!

What are you doing here—and who are these?

HILAR. I am that Prince Hilarion to whom
Your Princess is betrothed. I come to claim
Her promised [plighted] love. Your brother Florian, here,
And Cyril, come to see me safely through.

PSYCHE. The [p]Prince Hilarion! Cyril too? How strange!
My earliest playfellows!

HILAR. (astonished) Why, let me look!
Are you that learned little Psyche who
At school alarmed her mates because she called
A buttercup “ranunculus bulbosus?”

CYRIL. Are you indeed that Lady Psyche, who
At children’s parties drove the conjuror wild,
Explaining all his tricks before he did them?

HILAR. Are you that learned little Psyche, who
At dinner parties brought into dessert,
Would tackle visitors with “[Y]ou don’t know
Who first determined longitude—I do—
Hipparchus ’twas B.C. B.C. one sixty-three!”
Are you indeed little Psyche then?

PSYCHE. That small phenomenon in truth [indeed] am I!
But gentlemen, ’tis death to enter here—!
My vow will make me speak. What shall I do?
This palace is a rat trap—we the bait—
And you the foolish victims!

CYRIL. Be it so—
A prisoned rat, before he dies the death,
Has liberty to nibble at the bait! (kisses her).

PSYCHE. Forbear, sir—pray—you know not what you do!

We have all promised to renounce mankind!

This senseless resolution?

PSYCHE. Senseless? No!
It’s based upon the grand hypothesis [We are all taught]
That as the Ape is undeveloped Man[, sprung from an Ape.]
So Man is undeveloped Woman. [is Ape at heart.]

HILAR. Then,
This, of all others, is the place for us!
Enter MELISSA unperceived, at back; she listens in astonishment.

If Man is only undeveloped Woman,
We men if we work very hard indeed,
And do our utmost to improve ourselves—
May in good time be women! Though I own
Up to this point (as far as I’m aware)
The metamorphosis has not commenced.

MELISSA: (coming down): Oh! Lady Psyche!-
PSYCHE: (startled [terrified]): What! you heard us, then?
Oh, all is lost!

MELISSA. Not so, I’ll breathe no word.
(A Advancing in astonishment to FLORIAN)
How marvellously strange! And are you then,
Indeed, young men?

FLORIAN. Well, yes, just now we are;
But hope, by dint of study, to become,
In course of time, young women.

MELISSA: (eagerly): Oh, don’t do that! Is this indeed a man?
I’ve often heard of them, but till this day [to-day,]
Never set eyes on one. They told me men
Were hideous, idiotic, and deformed!
They’re quite as beautiful as women are!
{As beautiful?—[they’re infinitely more! 
(patting FLORIAN’S cheek)
Their cheeks have not that pulpy softness which
One gets so weary of in womankind!
Their features are more marked—and—oh! their chins!
[(F]feeling his chin) How curious!

FLORIAN. I fear it’s rather rough.

MELISSA: [(eagerly).] Oh; don’t apologize—I like it so!
But I forgot; my mother, Lady Blanche,
Is coming—and her eyes are very keen—
She will detect you, sir!

Hilarian. Oh, never fear!

We saw her ladyship an hour ago;

She seemed to have suspicions of our sex,

And showed us robes, and gave us needlework,

As though to test us. Well, we did the work

Like seamstresses—and named the various stuffs,

As if we'd spent a full apprenticeship

At Swan and Edgar's!

Enter Lady Blanche[1, R]. Exeunt[9] The three Gentlemen with

Lady Psyche[2] retire up, and go off, L.U.E. 6

[Exeunt Psyche, Hilarion, Cyril and Florian.]

Blanche[3]: (aside to Melissa)[4] Here, Melissa[4]—hush!

Those are the three new students?

Melissa[5]: (confused)[5] Yes, they are[.]

They're charming girls[.]

Blanche[3]: (sarcastically)[6] Particularly so[.]

So graceful, and so very womanly[.]

So skilled in all a girl's accomplishments!

Melissa[5]: (confused)[5] Yes, very skilled[.]

Blanche. You stupid little fool!

Awhile ago, I placed before their eyes,

Some Cluny lace—they called it Valenciennes—

Hemming is stitching—so at least they say—

A gusset is a gore—a tuck's a flounce—

Merino's cotton—linen's calico—

Poplin is silk, and rep's corduroy!

I bade them hem a pocket handkerchief—

They placed their thimbles on their forefingers!

And set about their work as clumsily

As if they had been men, in girls' disguise!

[These "girls" are men disguised!]

Melissa[5]: (trembling)[5] You surely wrong them, [these
gentlemen—] Mother dear, for see— [I mean—why see,]

(picking up a case from floor [an 'etui 'etui.])

Here is an 'etui[10] 'etui dropped by one of them—

Containing scissors, needles, and—

Blanche[3]: (taking it from her, and opening it)[9] Cigars[!]!

{This is a case, my dear! I smoke them now!}
Why these are men! And you knew this, you cat! They're gentlemen, indeed.

The Prince Hilarion—betrothed long since (married years ago)
To Princess Ida's hand, why, you will be first!
You will design the fashions—think of that!
And always serve out all the punishments!
The scheme is harmless, m'other—wink at it!

BLANCHE. (aside;) The prospect's tempting!

(aloud) Well, well, well, I'll try—
Though I've not winked at anything for years!
'Tis [I'm] but one step towards my destiny—
The mighty Must! [the inevitable Shall—]

Exit LADY BLANCHE, R.

MELISSA. Saved for a while [time], at least!

Enter FLORIAN, L.U.E [on tiptoe,

FLORIAN. [whispering] Melissa—come! here?

MELISSA. Oh, sir, you must away from this at once.
My [m]other guessed your sex—[!] It was my fault,[—]
I blushed and stammered so, that she exclaimed:[—]
“Can these be men?” ([T]hen,[—] seeing this,[—]) “Why these—
‘Are men’,[!]” she would have added, but “are men”
Stuck in her throat! She keeps your secret, sir,
For reasons of her own,[—] but fly from this.
And take me with you—that is—no,— not that!

FLORIAN. I'll go—,[ but not without you,[!] (Bbell'')

Why; what's that?

MELISSA. The luncheon bell.

FLORIAN. I'll wait for luncheon; then.

See, here's Hilarion with the stern Princess,
And Cyril with my sister Psyche, too.

Enter CYRIL with PSYCHE, and HILARION with PRINCESS, L.,
LADY BLANCHE, R., and the eight “DAUGHTERS OF THE PLOUGH,”
bridge, bearing luncheon, which is [they] spread [on the rocks].
{ Quartette—“Angelus” (Mariage aux Lanternes).

FLORI.  Hark! the luncheon bell is ringing;
         We’ll pick a bit
         Now, ere we flit.

MELISSA. The luncheon now the maids are bringing;
         Pray take your seat,
         And be discreet.

HILAR.  We will not appear affected,
         So pick a bit
         Now, ere you flit.

CYRIL.  So far so good; we’re not detected.
         I’ll take my seat,
         And be discreet. }

(They all sit down and eat,  CYRIL drinking freely)

PRIN.  You say you know the [c]Court of Hildebrand?
         There is a [P]prince there—I forget his name.[–]

HILAR.  Hilarion?

PRIN.  Exactly.[? is] Is he well?

HILAR.  If it is [be] well to droop and pine and mope[–]
         To sigh. “Oh, Ida! Ida!” all day long[–]
         “Ida! my love! my life! Oh, come to me!”–
         If it is [be] well, I say, to do all this,
         Then Prince Hilarion is very well.

PRIN.  He breathes our name? Well, it’s a common one!
         And is the booby comely?

HILAR.  Pretty well.
         I’ve heard it said that if I dressed myself
         In Prince Hilarion’s clothes (supposing this
         Consorted [Consisted] with my maiden modesty),
         I might be taken for Hilarion’s self.
         But what is this to you or me, who think
         Of all mankind with unconcealed [undisguised] contempt?

PRIN.  Contempt? Why, damsel, when I think of man,
         Contempt is not the word![–]

CYRIL.  (getting tipsy[a].) I’m sure of that[a].
         Or, if it is, it surely should not be!

HILAR.  ((aside to CYRIL,[b]) Be quiet, idiot, or they’ll find us out!

CYRIL.  The Prince Hilarion’s a goodly lad!

PRIN.  You know him, then?
THE PRINCESS

CYRIL. [(tipsily)?] I rather think I do!

We were [are] inseparables.![1]

PRIN. Why, what’s this? 

You loved him; then? (horrified)?

CYRIL. We did—and do[ indeed]—all three!

And he loves us sincerely in return!

HILAR. (confused)? Madam, she jests—[!] (aside to CYRIL)

Remember where you are!

CYRIL. Jests? Not at all—[! W]why, bless my heart alive,

You and Hilarion, when at the Court,

Rode the same horse!

PRIN. [(horrified)] Astride?

CYRIL. Of course—[! W]why not?

Wore the same clothes—and once or twice, I think[.]

Got tipsy in the same good company!

PRIN. Well, these are nice young ladies, on my word—[!] 

CYRIL. (to FLORIAN)? [(tipsy).]

Don’t you remember that old laughing [kissing—]song.

That he and we would troll in unison,

At the Three Pigeons—just when daylight broke?

[He’d sing to blushing Mistress Lalage,]

[The hostess of the Pigeons? Thus it ran:]

I’ll give it you!

Song.[–] CYRIL.[.] Air—Laughing Song from “Manon Lescaut.”

A young and earnest reader,

Once with a special pleader,

Was reading for the bar,

Ha! ha! ha! ha!

A budding luminary,

Particularly wary,

As lovers often are,

Ha! ha! ha! ha!

He met a lady bright, ha! ha!

’Twas very late at night, ha! ha!

There shone ’nor “no moon nor star,

Ha! ha! ha! ha!

Her head lay on his shoulder,

And what d’you think he told her?—

You’ll never guess, I know.
I scarcely like to tell you,  
For fear it should repel you—  
Come, whisper, whisper low!  
    No! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no!  
    Ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha!  

They threaded many mazes,  
Of buttercups and daisies,  
They wandered very far,  
    Ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha!  
So amiable he found her,  
He put his arms around her,  
And she opposed no bar,  
    Ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha!  
He squeezed her little fin, ha! ha!  
He chucked her little chin, ha! ha!  
And christened her his star,  
    Ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha!  
Her head lay on his shoulder,  
And what d’you think he told her?  
You’ll never guess, I know—  
I’ll hazard it and tell you—  
Come, whisper, whisper low!  
    No! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no! no!  
    Ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha! ha!  

(Ad after song, he lights a cigarette.)

PRIN. Infamous creature—,[get you hence away!  
HILAR. Dog! [th]ere is something more to sing about!  
(S)trikes him [CYRIL].

CYRIL. (sobered). Hilarion—,[are you mad?  
PRIN. (astonished) ([horrified]), Hilarion? Help!  
Why these are men! Lost! Lost! betrayed! undone!  
Running on to bridge.

Girls, get you hence—! Man-monsters, if you dare  
Approach one step—,[I—[A]h!  
loses [her] balance,[ and falls [into the stream.]  

PSYCHE. Oh! save her, sir!  
BLANCHE. It’s useless, sir, [you’ll only catch your death.[!]
[HILARION springs in]

SACHA. He catches her—[!]

MELISSA. And now he lets her go—[!]

PSYCHE. And now she’s not[.]

He seizes her back hair—[!]

BLANCHE. [not looking.] And it comes off!

PSYCHE. No—[! S他's saved! She's saved! She's saved!

(HILARION is seen swimming with the PRINCESS in one arm—[he swims to a bank and the PRINCESS and he are brought to land.)

PRIN. You’ve saved our lives and so have saved your own,

But leave this palace—men in women’s clothes!

Enter LYDIA, {R.,} running.

Why, what’s the matter now?

LYDIA. King Hildebrand,

Holding your father captive, sends to say
That if Hilarion suffers any harm,
Your father’s life will pay the penalty;[.]

Moreover—if you do not yield yourself,
According to the tenor of your oath,
He will attack you ere to-morrow’s dawn—
And force compliance!

PRIN. Will he so, indeed?

We’ll teach these men a lesson. (To HILARION?)

Get you gone!

You saved our lives—we thank you for it—go!

Arm, Amazons! We’ll shew these gentlemen,

How nobly Woman vindicates her claim

To equal individuality!

Arm! Arm! This is our opportunity.

{ Concerted Piece—Air, “Boolabang,” from “Ching Chow Hoi.”

Join in one indignant chorus,

Ding, ding, ding, &c.

Ere our enemies we flay,

Lest these rascals get before us,

Ding, ding, ding, &c.
Arm yourselves, I’ll lead the way!

We will show
All we know!
Make the foe
Glad to go!
Bring him woe!
With a bow
And ar-row
Lay him low!

CYRIL. Ta, ta, ra, ta, ra, &c.

(trumpet business– }

The three GENTLEMEN are thrust forth by the AMAZONS.

Tableau.

SCENE THIRD NOTES
Four songs and seven lines from the 1870 play were deleted for the 1876 book. One line was restored for the 1884 opera.

1. WSG neglects to include Lydia as a character in his cast list.
2. Sacharissa is expelled in play, book and opera. But she shows up later in all three as the lady surgeon.
3. amo. Latin for “I Love”
4. decline to love. To list the verb forms of the word “love”.
5. As beautiful?– they’re infinitely more… The line from the play which was restored for the opera.
7. minx! Punctuation is missing in the first English edition. The same printer in an edition soon after adds a period.
8. she exclaimed, “Can these be men?” Not spoken in play, book or opera. Appears to be a WSG error. He had a clever idea, but did not carry it through. See next note.
9. are men (amen) stuck in her throat. Not true. She says it clearly.
   WSG strains to use the quote from Macbeth, “I had most need of blessing, and ‘Amen’ stuck in my throat.”
10. Tennyson created the “Eight daughters of the plough, stronger than men, Huge women…each was like a Druid rock.”
11. But leave this palace. This occurs in poem, play and book. They are bound and taken prisoner in the opera.
12. penalty. penalty, is corrected to penalty; in later editions.
13. Ching Chow Hoi. Should be Ching Chow Hi as in Scene First.
SCENE FOURTH.—Hildebrand’s Camp before Ida’s Castle.

Enter HILDEBRAND and GAMA{, L}. 

HILDE. The Princess Ida still holds out, although
   Our camp is fairly pitched before her walls.
   King Gama, if Hilarion comes not back
   All safe and sound, you’ll surely suffer death!
   Your head for his!

GAMA. The stakes are poorly matched:
   It’s Lombard Street against a China orange!

HILDE. In the ’meantime, “mean”time, pray make yourself at home,
   Direct my army as it were your own.
   On every matter that concerns the state,
   Your orders give;—they will not be obeyed,
   But that don’t matter!

GAMA. Don’t it?

HILDE. Not a jot!
   The ecstasy of absolute command
   Is seriously dashed when you reflect,
   That for all consequences that ensue,
   You by the world are held responsible!
   But here, where all are bound to hear your word
   With every outward token of respect,
   They systematically disobey it,
   Your power of high command is just as great,
   The consequences absolutely nil.

Enter ATHO{, L}. 

ATHO. My liege, three gentlemen await without,
   Attended by a troop of soldiery. (Gives note.)

GAMA. (reads): “The Princes Arac, Guron, Scynthius, 
   King Gama’s sons, desire that you will set
   Their father free.” (To ATHO!) Admit these gentlemen.

Exit ATHO{, L}. 

My sons! That’s brave!

Enter ARAC, SCYNTHIUS{, and GURON{, L}. 

HILDE. What would you, gentlemen?

ARAC. What would we? Why look you, King Hildebrand?
   You hold our father in unkingly bonds,
Our sister you beleaguer in her home,
You threaten to lay waste our richest lands,
And then you coolly ask us; “What would we?”

GURON. We come to claim our father at your hands.
SCYNTHIUS. We come to save our sister Ida from
The rude assaults of savage soldiery.
Why they are girls–mere girls–and should be stormed
As other girls are stormed, if stormed at all!

HILDE. As other girls are stormed so shall they be;
We’ll use no cannon, bayonet, or sword,
For such ungentlemanly arguments—
Convincing though they be—would but convince
These women ‘gainst their will! We’ll witch them forth
With love songs, odes, and idle fripperies,
Such as a woman cannot long withstand.
Stay, you shall see—

Enter ATHO{, L}.

ATHO. All is prepared, my liege
To storm the walls—

HILDE. Then let the siege commence!

Enter FIRST OFFICER{, R}.

Who leads the serenading party, eh?

FIRST OFFICER. Sir Michael Costa—

HILDE. Good! the light guitars
Fall in at six—the King’s own baritones,
Led by Sir Santley!—

FIRST OFFICER. He’s not knighted, sir!—

HILDE. He shall be, then—they will parade at five!—

[Exit FIRST OFFICER{, R}.

Enter SECOND OFFICER{, L}.

SECOND OFFICER. Who leads the scaling party, sir?

HILDE. Of course
The first light tenors—they can highest go.

[Exit SECOND OFFICER{, L}.

ATHO. And who shall first climb up the outer wall,
And reconnoitre what goes on within?

HILDE. Some tenor, fool, who can “go up to see!”
Let all be furnished with their photographs,
And scatter them among these amazons.
Bid the director of the poets direct
And post five hundred valentines, and see
They get them by to-night’s delivery.
Go, tell the gallant lady, who commands
The horse brigade of royal milliners,
To place five hundred toilet tables out
Within full view of Princess Ida’s walls.
Upon them place five hundred mirrors–then
Lay out five hundred robes of French design;}

{ Re-enter SECOND OFFICER, L.

SECOND OFFICER. My liege–’twas done last night, yet they hold out!

HILDE. Then must we change our ammunition? Place
Upon the toilet tables as they stand,
Five hundred papers of five hundred pins,
Five hundred pots of choicest bandoline,
Five thousand chignons–that’s ten chignons each,
And all of different colour and design; }
And if they still hold out they’re more than women!

{ Exeunt OFFICERS, GAMA, ARAC, SCYNTHIUS, and GURON.

KING. If all this fails, I have a deadlier scheme,
Five hundred waltzing bachelors–tried men,
Who can waltz forwards–backwards–anyhow–
Shall twirl and twist before their dazzled eyes,
Thrumbing soft music on a light guitar.


Like a teetotum with a guitar–
Just so!
La, la, la, la!
Bachelors spin at ’em, thus from afar–
Just so!
La, la, la, la!
Oh, tickle their vanity;
Oh, never be chary,
Oh, flatter your fairy,
   Ever unwary,
   Tickle it, ah!
Bravo bravissimo,
Generalissimo,
   Serve her it, ah!
Flatter her beauty,
With an acute eye! ;
Say it’s your duty,
   Call her a star!
Sneer at another,
Coddle her mother,
Butter her brother,
   Ever so far!
   La, la, la, la!
Load her with frippery,
Glovery, slippery,
Cleverly planned, no going too far!
Marabout feather,
Gossamer airy,
Fastened together,
Give to your fairy.
   La, la, la, la!
Oh, tickle her vanity,
Oh, never be chary,
Oh, flatter your fairy,
Ever unwary,
   Tickle it, ah!
Marry her merrily,
Change it all, verily;
Snapping and wrangling,
Jingling and jangling,
Snarling and snapping,
Rubbing and rapping.
“Why are you mum to me?”
“Why don’t you come to me?”
“Why are you mum to me?”
“Why don’t you come to me?”
“Quicker, oh! quicker, oh! quicker, oh!”
My goodness! my gracious!
A row, sir!
Pucker your brow, sir,
Pucker it, ah!
Pucker it, ah!
Lick her, oh, no more!
Quicker, oh, “The door!”
Set it ajar!
Light a cigar!
Set it ajar!
Light a cigar!
Give her a sou!
Bid her adoo!
Give her a sou!
Bid her adoo!
Bravo bravissimo,
Finish your capering.
Like a teetotum
With a guitar!
With a guitar!
With a guitar!
Bravo bravissimo,
Generalissimo!
Take her and marry her,
Worry her, harry her;
Oh, you may carry her
Ever so far!
Just like a teetotum
With a guitar!

Enter ATHO{}, L.

ATHO. My liege, I bring good news, your plan succeeds.
Three ladies of the Princess Ida’s band
Are coming towards your camp.

HILDE. The ‘chignons “mirrors did it!”
Admit them.

Enter HILARION, CYRIL and FLORIAN, still in women’s clothes.

HILDE [GAMA]. Why—Hilarion! Cyril too!
And Florian! dressed as women.[] Ho! ho! ho! (all jeer them)!
HILAR. We gained admission to fair Ida’s halls,
   By this disguise—We were detected though,
   And should have suffered death, but that she knew,
   In killing us, she killed her father too!

GAMA. {in high glee}: Here, set me free! Hilarion’s safe again—
   Is this indeed Hilarion?

HILAR. Yes it is—!

GAMA. Why[. . .] you look handsome in your women’s clothes[. . .]
   Stick to ’em[. . .]man’s attire becomes you not!
   ([T]o FLORIAN and CYRIL)[. . .]
   And you [’pray], ’young ladies, will you please to pray,
   King Hildebrand to set me free again?
   Hang on his neck and gaze into his eyes,
   Bring all your woman’s wiles to bear on him.
   He never could resist a pretty face!

CYRIL [HIL]. You dog[. . .] you’ll find[. . .] [T]hough I wear [â]
   woman’s garb, you’ll find
   My sword is long and sharp[. . .].

GAMA. Hush[. . .] pretty one!
   Here’s a virago! Here’s a termagant!
   If length and sharpness go for anything,
   You’ll want no sword while you can wag your tongue!

FLORI [CYRIL]. What [’want] need to talk of swords to
   [waste your words on] such as he?[. . .]
   He’s old and crippled[. . .] (to GAMA) Oh, if you were young,
   And tolerably straight—and I could catch
   You all alone, I’d—Ah!

GAMA. (bashfully)[. . .] Oh, go along,
   You naughty girl—why, I’m a married man[. . .]
   [Aye, b]But I’ve three sons[. . .]see, ladies—here they are—
   Fine fellows[. . .]young[,] and muscular[,] and brave[. . .]
   [They’re well worth talking to!]
   They’ll meet you, if you will?. Come, what d’ye say?

ARAC. Aye, pretty ones, engage yourselves with us,
   If three rude warriors who have spent their lives
   Hacking at enemies, a refund you not!

HILAR. (to GAMA)[. . .] Old as you are, I’d wring your shrivelled neck
   If you were not the Princess Ida’s father[. . .]

GAMA. If I were not the Princess Ida’s father,
   And so had not her brothers for my sons,
THE PRINCESS

No doubt you’d wring my neck and in safety! too!

HILAR. Enough! I speak for Florian and Cyril.
   Arac, we take your challenge—three to three—
   So that it’s understood that Ida’s hand
   Depends upon the issue!

ARAC. There’s my hand;
   If she consents not—sister though she be
   We’ll raze her castle to the very ground!

   { Concerted Piece—“Entre Paris et Lyons.”

HILDE. We’ll settle this affair to-morrow morn!
CYRIL. We’ll settle this affair to-morrow morn!
FLORI. We’ll settle this affair to-morrow morn!
GAMA. We’ll settle this affair to-morrow morn!
HILDEBRAND, HILARION, FLORIAN,
and CYRIL. Draw!
   Foes like you we scorn—
   You shall down to the dead men go!

GAMA, ARAC, GURON,
and SCYNTHIUS. Draw!
   Sure as you were born,
   You shall rue to-morrow morning!
HILDE. You shall bite the dust in sorrow—
   Hear us give you warning!
GAMA. We are eager for to-morrow,
   Such suggestions scorning!
ALL. Draw!
   Sure as you were born,
   You shall down to the dead men go!
   Draw!
   Foes like you we scorn—
   You shall rue to-morrow morning!

(“Les Bavards et le Bresiliens.”)

Off let us toddle-oddle!
   Crack on his noddle-oddle!
   No molly coddle-oddle
   [It’s an arrant molly coddle,]
   Shall be my model-odel.
[Fears a crack upon the noodle.]
Off let us toddle-oddle!
Crack on his noodle-oddle!
Such a molly coddle-oddle! Oh!—ugh! }^{6}

[Exeunt{ R. and L.}.

SCENE FOURTH NOTES
One song and seven lines from the 1870 play were deleted for the 1876 book.
1. The ecstacy. WSG again misspells the word in the 1870 play. See Scene First Notes.
2. Gama’s sons make their first appearance. Tennyson names Arac but designates the other two as “the twins”.
3. Sir Michael Costa (1808-1884). Conductor and musical director at Covent Garden. He was also an accomplished tenor. Born in Naples, he settled in London in 1830 and became a naturalized citizen. It was natural for WSG to allude to him in the 1870 Princess. This was prior to WSG’s partnership with Arthur Sullivan. However, by coincidence, Costa was a friend of the young Sullivan and helped advance him in his career.
4. Sir (Charles) Santley (1834-1922). Distinguished English baritone. Was knighted in 1907 (not 1905 as stated in a Sullivan biography). It was natural for WSG to also allude to Santley in the 1870 Princess. Santley was another friend of Arthur Sullivan. He sang the role of the father in Sullivan’s 1869 The Prodigal Son.
5. Chignons ‘mirrors. When WSG deleted the passage referring to chignons, he was obliged to change the later reference.
6. Such a molly coddle-oddle. This is from a deleted song. The noodle - coddle rhyme appears in the same context in the opera.
SCENE FIFTH.—Inner Gate of Castle Adamant. All the LADY STUDENTS discovered—the eight SERVANTS as Amazons—the others all around.

Flourish. [Enter PRINCESS Ida, armed, attended] followed by LADY BLANCHE [and PSYCHE].

PRIN. Is all prepared for war?
   [I like your spirit, girls!] We have to meet
   Stern bearded warriors in fight to-day. We have to meet
   Wear naught but what is necessary to
   Preserve your dignity before their eyes,
   And give your limbs full play.

BLANCHE. One moment, ma’am.
Here is a paradox we should not pass
   Without enquiry. We are prone to say,
   “This thing is [it] Needful—that; [they] Superfluous”—
   Yet they invariably co-exist!
   We find the [it] Needful comprehended in
   The circle of the grand Superfluous;
   While the Superfluous cannot be bought
   Unless you’re amply furnished with the Needful.
   These singular considerations are—

PRIN. Superfluous, yet not Needful—so, you see,
   These terms may independently exist.
   [To Ladies.] Women of Adamant, we have to shew
   These men how they have under-rated us.
   Now is the time to prove our titles to
   The highest honours they monopolise.
   Now is the time to prove our theory
   That [Women, educated to the work, Can meet
   Man, face to face, on his own ground,
   And beat him there.] Now let us set to work!
   Where is our lady surgeon?

SACHA. Madam, here!

PRIN. We shall require your skill to heal the wounds
   Of those that fall.

SACHA. [alarmed.] What, heal the wounded?

PRIN. Yes!

SACHA. And cut off real live legs and arms?

PRIN. Of course!

SACHA. I wouldn’t do it for a thousand pounds!
PRIN. Why, how is this? Are you faint-hearted, girl?
     You’ve often cut them off in theory.[1]
SACHA. In theory I’ll cut them off again
     With pleasure, and as often as you like.[4]
     But not in practice![2]
PRIN. Coward,[1] get you hence![3]
     I’ve craft enough for that, and courage too,[4]
     I’ll do your work! My Amazons [fusiliers]; advance![5]
     Why, you are armed with "spears-[5]" mere [axes! G] gilded toys!
     Where are your muskets [rifles], pray?
ADA [CHLOE]. Why, please you, ma’am,
     We left them in the armoury, for fear
     That, in the heat and turmoil of the fight,
     They might go off!!
PRIN. “They might!” Oh, craven souls!;
     Go off yourselves! Thank heaven, I have a heart
     That quails not at the thought of meeting men.;
     I’ll discharge your muskets. [rifles!] Off with you!
     Where’s my bandmistress?
CHLOE [ADA]. Please you, ma’am, the band
     Do not feel well, and can’t come out to-day!
PRIN. Why, this is flat rebellion! I’ve no time
     I can play several instruments at once,
     And I will drown the shrieks of those that fall;
     With trumpet music[5] such as soldiers love.[4]
     How stand we with respect to gunpowder?
     My Lady Psyche—you who superintend
     The [Our] lab’ratory, where your class compounds
     That hideous chemical—are you [well] prepared
     To blow these bearded rascals into shreds?
PSYCHE. Why, madam—
PRIN. Well?
PSYCHE. Let us try gentler means—[7]
     Treat them with the contempt that they deserve.
     We can dispense with fulminating grains.
     While we have eyes with which to flash our rage.[4]
     We can dispense with villa[1] nous saltpetre;
     While we have tongues with which to blow them up.[7]
     We can dispense, in short, with all the arts
     That brutalize the practical polemist.[7]
PRIN. (contemptuously): I never knew a more dispensing chemist!
    Away! [away][away] I'll meet these men alone.
    For [Since] all my women have deserted me!

Enter [CHLOE] MELISSA{, 1}.

MELISSA [CHLOE],
    Madam, [your father and] your brothers crave [claim]
MELISSA [CHLOE], They come
    To fight for you. [!] PRIN. Admit them!
BLANCHE, Infamous!
    'One's [Our] brothers, ma'am, are men!*
PRIN. So I have heard. [!] PRIN.
    But all my women seem to fail me when
    I need them most. [!] *In *in this perplexity [emergency,]
    Even one's brothers may be turned to use! [!*

Enter ARAC, GURON{, and} SCYNTHIUS{, 1}.

ARAC. My sisters!* PRIN.
    Arac, Guron, Scynthius, too! (*they embrace)*
ARAC. We have arranged that Prince Hilarion
    And his two followers shall fight us here;
    And if we fall, we've promised him your hand!* PRIN. (sighing): So be it, Arac; brothers though you be,
    With all your faults you're brave, as brutes are brave;*
    So be it—fight them here, but (aside and bashfully)
    oh, my brother,
    Kill whom you will, but spare Hilarion!
    He saved my life!
MELISSA. (aside to ARAC): Oh, save me! Florian,
    He is her brother! (indicating PSYCHE){* PSYCHE: (aside to ARAC): Oh, spare Cyril, sir,
    You've no idea what jolly songs he sings!
ARAC. Bah! I can spare them all—I want them not! *
    But here they come, stand back, the lists prepare—
    Get you within those walls, poor trembling ones,
    And see that no one interferes with us! **
Enter { L., } Hilarion, Cyril, and Florian, with Kings Gama and Hildebrand—Princess and Ladies retire within outer wall, and group themselves on battlements.4

Gama. Come, boys, we’ve all prepared, begin! begin! Why you lack mettle?—Gad, I’ll spur you up!

(To Arac) Look, Arac—there’s the son of that vile king. Who, when he held me as his prisoner, Tormented [He tortures] me with tortures [torments]

worse than death.4

{I had[ve]n’t anything to grumble at!}
I hadn’t anything to grumble at! |

He found [finds] out what particular meats I loved, And gave [gives] me them—[T]he very choicest wine—[wines.] The costliest robes—the richest rooms were [are] mine.4

He suffered[s] none to thwart my simplest plan, And gave [gives] strict orders none should contradict me.[!] He made my life a curse! Go in at them! [He’s made my life a curse] (weeps.)

Avenge your father’s wrongs! (To Hilarion) And as for you—

(pointing to his sons)
Here are three princes, sirs, who stand between You and your happiness—so cut them down.4

Give them no mercy, [quarter—]they will give you none. Come, [come.] Prince Hilarion, begin, begin!

You’ve this advantage over warriors[,] Who kill their country’s enemies for pay,[4,5] You [You] know what you are fighting for—look there! (Pointing to Ladies on the battlements[.])4

Hilarion. Come on!

Arac. Come on!

Cyril. Come on!

Scyn. Come on!

Flori. Come on!

(Desperate fight—at the end, Hilarion, Cyril, and Florian wound Arac, Guron, and Scynthia. [—Tableau])4

Prins. (entering through gate [and followed by Ladies.])4

Hold! stay your hands!—we yield ourselves to you.[4]

Ladies, my brothers all lie bleeding there!
Bind up their wounds—but look the other way.

\( ^* \text{coming down} \) Is this the end?

\( ^* \text{bitterly to Lady Blanche} : \) How say you, Lady Blanche—
Can I with dignity my post resign?
And if I do, will you then take my place?

BLANCHE. To answer this, it’s meet that we consult
The great Potential Mysteries; I mean
The five Subjunctive Possibilities—
The May, the Might, the Would, the Could, the Should.
Can you resign? The prince Might claim you; if
He Might, you Could—and if you Should, I Would!

PRIN. I thought as much! Then, to my fate I yield—
So ends my cherished scheme! Oh, I had hoped
To band all women with my maiden throng,
And make them all abjure tyrannic Man!

HILDE. A noble aim!

PRIN. You ridicule it now;
But if I carried out this glorious scheme,
At my exalted name Posterity
Would bow in gratitude!

HILDE. But pray reflect—
If you enlist all women in your cause,
And make them all abjure tyrannic Man,
The obvious question then arises, “How
Is this Posterity to be provided?”

PRIN. I never thought of that! My Lady Blanche,
How do you solve the riddle?

BLANCHE. Don’t ask me—
Abstract Philosophy won’t answer it.
Take him—he is your Shall. Give in to Fate!

PRIN. And you, you desert me? I alone am staunch!

HILDE. Madam, you placed your trust in’

[\( W \)]woman—well,
Woman has failed you utterly—try [\( M \)]man,
Give him one chance, it’s only fair—besides,
Women are far too precious, too divine
To try unproven theories upon.
Experiments, the proverb says, are made
On humble subjects—try our grosser clay,
And mould [\(^*\text{mold}\)] it as you will!

CYRIL. Remember, too,
Dear Madam, if at any time you feel;
'A weary 'Aweary ['A'weary] ['A'-weary]
of the Prince, you can return
To Castle Adamant, and rule your girls
As heretofore, you know.

PRIN. And shall I find
The Lady Psyche here?

PSYCHE. If Cyril, ma'am,
Does not behave himself, I think you will
PRIN. And you, Melissa, shall I find you ["you"] here?
MELISSA. Madam, however Florian turns out,
Unhesitatingly I answer, No.

GAMA. Consider this, my love, if your mama
Had looked on matters from your point of view
(I wish she had), why; where would you have been?

LADY B[LA]. There's an unbounded field of speculation,
On which I could discourse for hours!

PRIN. No doubt!
We will not trouble you. Hilarion,
I have been wrong—I see my error now.
Take me, Hilarion—"We will walk the world
Yoked in all exercise of noble end!
And so through those dark gates across the wild
That no man knows! Indeed, I love thee—Come! 5, 8

Finale, from "Le Pont des Soupirs."

Cyril. Singers know
How sweetly at a piano
A tenor and soprano
Together sound.

Chorus. Singers know, &c.

Hilar. This will show
That men and women verily
Can get along more merrily
Together bound.

Chorus. This will show
That men and women verily
Can get along more merrily
Together bound!
Together bound!
THE PRINCESS
Together bound.

‘Curtain.

“THE END.

SCENE FIFTH NOTES
1. eight Servants as Amazons. These are the Daughters of the Plough.
2. My sisters. Arac has two brothers, but one sister. An error in both play and book.
3. spare Hilarion; save me Florian; spare Cyril. This may be put in by WSG to explain why Arac and his warrior brothers will lose the fight. The lack of encouragement causes them to put forth less than their best effort. WSG deleted this from the opera and thus there is no discernable reason for the unexpected result.
4. In the poem, Tennyson has fifty on horseback to a side. Ida's side, led by her brothers, wins the battle. Hilarion is thought to have been killed by Arac. Princess Ida is completely changed by the events of the day: “He saved my life; my brother slew him for it.” She is further softened by the relationship between Lady Psyche, a widow in the poem, and Psyche’s child. Hilarion is revealed to be alive though badly wounded. Ida is by his side as he returns to health. The complexity of Ida's self inspection and change of outlook are detailed in the poem.
5. {–Tableau). The closing parenthesis is deleted by mistake in the book.
7. "HILDE. oöHILAR. This is the fourth occurrence of this error in the play. The error reappears in the American opera as WSG copies the play. He catches the error, maybe at rehearsal, and fixes it again.
8. “We will walk…I love thee–Come!”. Direct quote from the poem, spoken by the Prince, not the Princess. WSG substitutes We for O we, the world for this world, through for thro’, and adds exclamation points where Tennyson is more subdued with commas and periods.
LINES FROM THE PRINCESS BY TENNYSON

The page numbers below refer to the fifth and later editions of The Princess published by Edward Moxon from 1853 through 1868.

Shown are a selection of lines taken from The Princess by Tennyson. In some cases intervening words within a selection have been deleted. This is to present the thought while adhering to space limitations.

The lines were chosen to illustrate how closely WSG follows Tennyson’s story and its details. A major difference in treatment is that Tennyson goes from ‘banter’ to ‘serious’ after the Prince saves Ida from the river. This allows Tennyson to examine the feminine perspective of the issues. WSG retains the lighter tone throughout his play and opera; he therefore does not dig deeply beneath the surface.

LILIA (from the Prologue). I wish I were
Some mighty poetess, I would shame you then,
That love to keep us children! Oh I wish
That I were some great princess, I would build
Far off from men a college like a man’s,
And I would teach them all that men are taught:
We are twice as quick! (P8)

PRINCE. Now it chanced that I had been
Proxy-wedded at eight years old. (P16)

FLORIAN. I have a sister at the foreign court,
Who moves about the Princess. (P19)

GAMA. They see no men,
Not even her brother Arac, not the twins,
Her brethren, though they love her, look upon her
As a kind of paragon. (P23)

PRINCE. Remembering how we three presented Maid
Or Nymph, or Goddess, in masque or pageant,
We sent mine host to purchase female gear. (P25)

PRINCE. There at a board by tome and paper sat,
with two tame leopards couched beside her throne,
All beauty compassed in a female form, The Princess. (P31)

IDA. What! are the ladies of your land so tall? (P31)

FLORIAN. Are you that Psyche she
With whom I sang about the morning hills? (P42)

BLANCHE. Why–these–are–men: and you know it. (P57)

CYR to BLANCHE. We will seat you highest: Wink at our advent. (P62)
PRINCE. Cyril began to troll a careless, careless tavern-catch
Of Moll and Meg, and strange experiences, unmeet for ladies. (P82)

PRINCE. Blind with rage she missed the plank, and rolled
In the river. Out I sprang from glow to gloom. (P83)

PRINCE. Close behind her (Ida) stood
Eight daughters of the plough, stronger than men,
Huge women blowzed with health, and wind, and rain, and labour. (P89)

Letter from GAMA to IDA. We fell into his father’s (Hildebrand) hands
And here he keeps me hostage for his son. (P95)

Letter from KING (HILDEBRAND) to IDA. Cleave to your contract.
We this night should pluck your palace down
And we will do it, unless you send us back
Our son, on the instant, whole. (P95-96)

PRINCE to IDA. At eve and dawn
With Ida, Ida, Ida, rang the woods. (P97)

IDA to MAIDENS. I dare
All these male thunderbolts: what is it ye fear? (P100)

IDA to PRINCE. And you look well too in your woman’s dress. (P102)

TENNYSON. So Lilia sang: we thought her half possessed,
She struck such warbling fury through the words.
Like one that wished at a dance to change
The music, clapped her hands and cried for some grand fight. (P105)

(The mood of the poem now changes from banter to serious.)

PRINCE to KING (HILDEBRAND). More soluble is this knot,
By gentleness than war. I want her love. (P114)

KING to PRINCE. Man is the hunter; woman is his game:
The sleek and shining creatures of the chase,
We hunt them for the beauty of their skins;
They love us for it, and we ride them down. (P115)

PRINCE to ARAC. Decide it here: why not? we are three to three. (P123)

ARAC’S BROTHER. No more, and in our noble sister’s cause?
More, more, some fifty on a side. (Fifty versus fifty in the poem) (P123)

PRINCE. From Arac’s arm, as from a giant’s flail,
The large blows rained, darkness closed me; and I fell.
(Tennyson’s battle has an opposite outcome from WSG’s.) (P132-135)

PRINCE. And then once more she looked at my pale face:
Her iron will was broken in her mind;
Her noble heart was molten in her breast. (Tennyson and WSG reach the same conclusion, each from his own perspective.) (P142)

IDA. We will scatter all our maids
Till happier times each to her proper hearth.
(Tennyson causes the university to be dissolved.) (P152)

PRINCE. Yield thyself up: my hopes and thine are one:
Accomplish thou my manhood and thyself
Lay thy sweet hands in mine and trust to me. (P176)

TENNYSON. So closed our tale, of which I give you all
The random scheme as wildly as it rose.
The men required that I should give throughout
The sort of mock-heroic gigantesque.
The women—and perhaps they felt their power,
And drove us, last, to quite a solemn close. (P177-178)

CONVENTIONS USED
The four works referred to are: Play (The Princess performed in 1870),
Book (The Princess version in the 1876 Original Plays),
AmLib (Princess Ida 1884 American Libretto),
EngLib (Princess Ida 1884 English Libretto).

Text contained only in The Princess, play AND book, is shown in non-bold: The Princess.
Text contained only in Princess Ida, AmLib AND EngLib, is shown in square brackets: [Princess Ida].
Text contained in all four works, play AND book AND AmLib AND EngLib is shown in bold: The Princess Ida.
Note that there will never be bold text in square brackets.

Text contained only in The Princess Play is shown by ́ superscript or curly bracket for letter, word or phrase: ́Princess, {Princess Play}.
These are shown in bold if the text is also contained in Princess Ida: ́Princess, {Princess Play}.

Text contained only in The Princess Book is shown by ˇ superscript or straight bracket for letter, word or phrase: ˇPrincess, [Princess Book].
These are shown in bold if the text is also contained in Princess Ida: ˇPrincess, [Princess Play].
Text contained only in Princess Ida AmLib is shown by a superscript for letter, word or phrase: [P], ['Princess'], ['Princess Ida'].
These are shown unbracketed in bold if the text is also contained in The Princess: P, 'Princess, 'Princess 'Ida.
Text contained only in Princess Ida EngLib is shown by e superscript for letter, word or phrase: [E], ['Princess'], ['Princess Ida'].
These are shown unbracketed in bold if the text is also contained in The Princess: E, 'Princess, 'Princess 'Ida.

An underline is used to highlight a non-bold letter contained within a bold word such as mustachios spelled mustachios in The Princess and mustachios in Princess Ida.
A smaller font is used to highlight non-bold punctuation next to a bold word such as Gama, spelled Gama, in The Princess and Gama in Princess Ida.
A smaller font is used to highlight non-bold punctuation at the end of a sentence such as skilled! spelled skilled! in The Princess and skilled. in Princess Ida.
Note the difference between [ ] used to enclose Princess Ida dialogue, and [ ] used by WSG to introduce a stage direction.

Some examples of the more complicated items, taken from the text.

**FLORI**{AN}.  Play: FLORIAN.  Book: FLORI.
  AmLib: FLO.  EngLib: FLOR.
we have [own]!{?}  Play and Book: we have!
  AmLib: we own!  EngLib: we own-
[A]answer [me] this{,;}  Play and Book: answer this:
  AmLib: Answer me this,  EngLib: Answer me this;
SACHA. (in tears [crying])E  Play: SACHA. (in tears)
[P]principal;  Play and Book and AmLib: principal,
  EngLib: Principal
  AmLib: man!  EngLib: Man!
(Bbell)E  Play: (bell)  Book: (Bell.)
  AmLib: (bell.)  EngLib: (bell).
(R)running]  Play: (running)  Book: (running).
  AmLib: (Running).  EngLib: [Running.
The Princess is a unique SabreSabreOne Handed SwordPhysical Damage: 5â€“22Critical Strike Chance: 5.00%Attacks per Second: 1.55Weapon Range: 11Requires Level 10, 18 Str, 26 Dex40% increased Global Accuracy Rating. This item can be acquired through the following upgrade paths or vendor recipes: The Princess has a legacy variant.